## PLZ-3W/3WH series

## EIEGTRONIG LOAD (CG-GR-GV.GP)



Four types of power rating: 150W,300W,600W, and 1000W, a total of eight models Ready for constant current, constant resistance, constant voltage, and constant power modes Capable of doing actual-load simulations under sequence control Maximum input voltage of 500V(PLZ-3WH Series)

## Outline

The PLZ-3W/3WH Series are composed of system electronic loads used either in characteristic or lifetime tests of a variety of DC voltage sources such as switching power supplies and primary and secondary batteries, or as burn in loads. Instruments in the PLZ-3W Series have four operation modes: "constant current", "constant resistance", "constant voltage", and "constant power". They are also available in four different power ratings, $150 \mathrm{~W}, 300 \mathrm{~W}, 600 \mathrm{~W}$, and 1000 W , with a total of eight models available overall. Incorporating a high-performance current control circuit, all instruments provide highly stable, high-speed operation and offer improved operability and multi-functionality through the use of CPU control. These features allow them to simulate actual load tests of power supply units having large transitional changes in their output currents, such as printers and motors. In the constant power mode,
these instruments deliver performance in carrying out load tests on alkaline and other types of batteries. Furthermore, the PLZ3WH Series accept DC input voltages of up to 500 V , making it ready for use at high voltages. And when an optional GPIB or RS-232C interface is employed, these instruments can be operated by fully programmable control. In particular, take advantage of a Kikusui-designed multi-channel bus (MCB) to simultaneously control a maximum of 16 instruments per GPIB address or RS-232C port. (Note: In addition to the PLZ-3W/ 3WH series, this MCB will also handle PAX Series programmable power supplies and PBX Series bipolar power supplies.)

# PLZ-3W/3WH series <br> EIEGTRONG LOAD (GC-GR-GV.GP) 

Front Panel
PLZ303WH


1 Load terminals on the front panel
Used to connect to the device being tested. They are connected in paral lel to the load terminals on the rear panel. (Note that PLZ603W/603WH and PLZ1003W/1003WH have no load terminals on the front panel.)
2 LOAD key
Turns on/off current that flows through the instrument.
3 Screen (LCD with back light)
Displays the set values of current, resistance, voltage, and power; menu items; and a variety of parameters and messages.
4 Constant current (C.C) / constant resistance (C.R) lamps Indicate whether the instrument is in C.C or C.R mode.
5 Function keys
Used to select each mode, or to set memories or rise/fall time.
6 JOG/SHUTTLE knobs
The JOG knob is used for fine adjustments to set values or to select val ues, and the SHUTTLE knob is used for coarse adjustments to set values.

## 7 Arrow keys

Used to select a menu, setting item, or a step number for program editing in the sequence mode.
8 Sequence keys
Menu keys for sequence mode
9 Contrast control
10 Optional board slot
An optional interface board (one of GPIB, RS-232C, and MCB) is in serted here.
11 Remote sensing terminals
Used for remote sensing that compensates for the voltage drop caused by resistance in load cabling.
12 External control connector
13 Load terminals
14 AC input supply voltage range selector switch (on the bottom face)

Rear Panel
PLZ303WH


## PLZ-3W/3WH series

## ELEGTRONIG LOAD (GG-GA-GV-GP)

## Designed to Meet Today's More Complex Loading Conditions

- Constant power mode useful for battery discharge tests Loads of constant power such as DC/DC converters are being used increasingly for batteries, and evaluation tests on such loads also require the use of constant power. Since the PLZ-3W/3WH Series have a C.P mode, you can conduct these types of load tests (such as con-stant-power discharge tests) under highly realistic conditions.
- Setting of various conditions Variable rise/fall time function When the set current needs to change abruptly, a rise/fall time (Tr/Tf) to reach the set value can be selected using one of eight values between $50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ and 10 ms . This allows the instruments to set up various conditions for tests in order to support tests such as transitional response tests of power supplies. The instruments can also produce accurate simulation waveforms using the sequence function. If the device being tested has an L component, setting $\mathrm{Tr} / \mathrm{Tf}$ to a slower interval will prevent overvoltages caused by the L component. (Note: available $\mathrm{Tr} / \mathrm{Tf}$ time settings $=50 \mu \mathrm{~s}, 100 \mu \mathrm{~s}, 200 \mu \mathrm{~s}, 500 \mu \mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{~ms}, 2$ $\mathrm{ms}, 5 \mathrm{~ms}$, and 10 ms )
- Sequence function that allows complicated current simulations
Because instruments in the PLZ-3W/3WH Series have a sequence function that sequentially processes the data stored in each step memory, a variety of current simulations may be performed. Sequence data can be input either from the front panel or through an external controller using an optional interface. The sequence function offers two modes: a fast-speed mode that enables programming of $100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ high-speed steps, and a normal-speed mode that allows programming of ramp waveforms in a single step.


Rise/fall time(in C.C mode) H: $0.2 \mathrm{~ms} / \mathrm{div}, \mathrm{V}: 12 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{div}$ Rising and falling waveforms of $50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ and $200 \mu \mathrm{~s}$


Sequence mode (in C.C mode and fast-speed mode) H: $5 \mathrm{~ms} /$ div,V: $10 \mathrm{~A} /$ div

| - Sequence function <br> - Normal Speed |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Settable items | I SET value (constant current), R SET value (constant resis tance), <br> P SET value(constant power), <br> V SET value(constant voltage) <br> Trigger output <br> Load on/off <br> Setting of short-circuit function Specification of step transition or ramp transition |
| Step execution time | Time can be set for each step. However, the range is fixed for each sequence. <br> (1) 1 to 9999 ms <br> (2) 1 to 999.9 s <br> (3) 1 s to 999 min and 59 s <br> (4) 1 min to 999 hr and 59 min |
| Pause | Provided |
| Maximum number of steps | 256 |
| Number of repetitions | 1 to 9998 and $\infty$ |
| Number of programs | 16 |
| Number of sequences | 8 |
| $\square$ Fast speed |  |
| Settable items | I SET value (constant current), R SET value (constant resis tance), Trigger output |
| Step execution time | Step time can be set on a program basis. <br> (1) 0.1 ms to 100 ms |
| Pause | Not provided |
| Maximum number of steps | 1024 |
| Number of repetitions | 1 to 9998 and $\infty$ |
| Number of programs | 16 |
| Number of sequences | 8 |

## To Support Today's More Diverse Experiments and Tests

- Setup function and backup memory

Different set values can be stored as part of a setup routine in the built-in backup memory. The backup memory can store a maximum of four set-ups.

- Remote sensing that compensates precisely for set values Remote sensing will compensate for voltage drops in load lines, allowing resistance, voltage, and power values to be set precisely. This especially improves the transitional characteristics in the C.R and C.P
modes.
- Trigger signal output useful for waveform monitoring The instruments will output trigger signals when trigger output is specified either in sequence operation or during switching operation. These signals can then be used as synchronous signals for external instruments such as oscilloscopes, providing an easy means of waveform observation.


## PLZ-3W/3WH series

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## To Support Today's More Diverse Experiments and Tests

- Three-memory function and switching function

Individual set values can be stored in three memories [A], [B], and [C] and can be recalled freely. For the C.C and C.R modes, the instruments have a switching function that recalls these values from the memories in the order $[\mathrm{A}],[\mathrm{B}],[\mathrm{C}],[\mathrm{A}],[\mathrm{B}],[\mathrm{C}], \ldots$. and executes them repeatedly.


Switching waveform
(in C.C mode)
H: $5 \mathrm{~ms} / \mathrm{div}, \mathrm{V}: 10 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{div}$
Memory A 0 A, 12 ms
Memory B 30 A, 10 ms
Memory C 59 A, 15 ms

Soft-start function that suppresses output voltage distortion The start-up time of the instruments can be changed in accordance with the output-voltage rise time for the device being tested. This allows them to conduct tests which more closely approximate realworld conditions.
(Soft-start time: Selectable from 0.1, 1, 2, 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 ms ) Note: In case of PLZ-3WH series, selectable from 0.5 ms .


Short-circuit function that allows instantaneous setting of the maximum current
During operations in C.C or C.R mode, pressing the SHORT key allows you to set either the maximum current value (in C.C mode) or minimum resistance value (in C.R mode) of the range instantaneously, without using the JOG or SHUTTLE key. In addition, when a largecurrent relay or other element is connected to the external control connector as shown below, if the voltage at the load terminals falls below approximately 1.5 V , the load terminals will be in a short-circuit state. This allows the instruments to perform effectively at currents of 1.5 V or less during current-limiting drooping characteristic tests of DC power supplies.


## To Meet More Expanding Applications

- Parallel operations that offer increased current and power capacities
The PLZ-3W/3WH Series allow parallel connection of identical models in order to increase current and power capacities. In parallel operations, a single master unit can control multiple slaves, such as setting total current for all. Naturally, the total current is also displayed on the monitors. A maximum of five instruments can be operated in parallel.

| Model | Rated capacities in parallel operations |  |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | For 2 units | For 3 units | For 4 units | For 5 units |
| PLZ153W | $300 \mathrm{~W}, 60 \mathrm{~A}$ | $450 \mathrm{~W}, 90 \mathrm{~A}$ | $600 \mathrm{~W}, 120 \mathrm{~A}$ | $750 \mathrm{~W}, 150 \mathrm{~A}$ |
| PLZ303W | $600 \mathrm{~W}, 120 \mathrm{~A}$ | $900 \mathrm{~W}, 180 \mathrm{~A}$ | $1200 \mathrm{~W}, 240 \mathrm{~A}$ | $1500 \mathrm{~W}, 300 \mathrm{~A}$ |
| PLZ603W | $1200 \mathrm{~W}, 240 \mathrm{~A}$ | $1800 \mathrm{~W}, 360 \mathrm{~A}$ | $2400 \mathrm{~W}, 480 \mathrm{~A}$ | $3000 \mathrm{~W}, 600 \mathrm{~A}$ |
| PLZ1003W | $2000 \mathrm{~W}, 400 \mathrm{~A}$ | $3000 \mathrm{~W}, 600 \mathrm{~A}$ | $4000 \mathrm{~W}, 800 \mathrm{~A}$ | $5000 \mathrm{~W}, 1000 \mathrm{~A}$ |
| PLZ153WH | $300 \mathrm{~W}, 15 \mathrm{~A}$ | $450 \mathrm{~W}, 22.5 \mathrm{~A}$ | $600 \mathrm{~W}, 30 \mathrm{~A}$ | $750 \mathrm{~W}, 37.5 \mathrm{~A}$ |
| PLZ303WH | $600 \mathrm{~W}, 30 \mathrm{~A}$ | $900 \mathrm{~W}, 45 \mathrm{~A}$ | $1200 \mathrm{~W}, 60 \mathrm{~A}$ | $1500 \mathrm{~W}, 75 \mathrm{~A}$ |
| PLZ603WH | $1200 \mathrm{~W}, 60 \mathrm{~A}$ | $1800 \mathrm{~W}, 90 \mathrm{~A}$ | $2400 \mathrm{~W}, 120 \mathrm{~A}$ | $3000 \mathrm{~W}, 150 \mathrm{~A}$ |
| PLZ1003WH | $2000 \mathrm{~W}, 100 \mathrm{~A}$ | $3000 \mathrm{~W}, 150 \mathrm{~A}$ | $4000 \mathrm{~W}, 200 \mathrm{~A}$ | $5000 \mathrm{~W}, 250 \mathrm{~A}$ |

* Please order parallel operation cable (model PC01-PLZ-3W) when connecting the PLZ-3W/3WH Series in parallel.


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## Interfaces

When an optional interface is used, the PLZ-3W/3WH Series allow the PLZ-3W/3WH front panel to be fully controlled through an external controller. Since the external controller can also read back DC input voltage, DC input current, and DC input power values in addition to set values, you can use this capability to configure various systems. Suitable interfaces include the IB11 GPIB and RS11 RS232C interfaces, both of which include the Kikusui-designed multichannel bus (MCB) feature. This allows a maximum of 16 units to be controlled for a single address of the GPIB interface or a single port of the RS-232C interface. (Note: The slot for an optional board allows an IB11, RS11, or MC11S to be connected.)


## MCB system (Example 1)

The use of the MCB allows easy configuration of various large systems when you wish to test a large number of devices together, conduct load tests of multi-output switching power supplies, or attempt related applications.


## - MCB system (Example 2 )

The MCB can also be used for the PAX Series high-speed programmable DC power supplies and PBX Series high-speed bipolar power supplies. Thus, for example, use of a RS-232C allows a single notebook PC to configure a DC/DC converter test system using either the PAX or PBX Series, as shown below.


## Remote Control

By connecting a remote controller RC02-PLZ or 10-keypad RC11 to the PLZ-3W/3WH Series, you can directly input values for current (I SET), resistance (R SET), and power (P SET) or time settings. In particular, the RC02-PLZ allows the PLZ-3W/3WH front panel to be controlled in hand.

- Remote controller RC02-PLZ



## Control items:

- Same setting features as on front panels of instruments
- Direct setting (numeric input) of I SET, R SET, V SET and P SET values
- Direct setting (numeric input) of above SET values and time in the memories A, B, and C
- Direct setting (numeric input) of I SET, R SET, V SET, and P SET values and time in the sequence mode
- 10-key pad RC11


Control items:

- Direct setting (numeric input) of I SET, R SET, V SET, and P SET values
- Direct setting (numeric input) of the above SET values and time in the memories $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}$, and C
- Direct setting (numeric input) of I SET, R SET, V SET, and P SET values and time in the sequence mode
- Load on/off


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## Applications

## - Actual-load simulations

The actual-load simulations used of sequence function can be conducted by taking the real waveform data into the P.C.

## Capturing Data:

The load current of a motor is captured using an oscilloscope, and the waveform data is saved in the built-in memory of the PLZ-3W/ 3 WH through the GPIB interface.
Calling the data:
As the data stored in the built-in memory is available even when the GPIB interface is disconnected, you can do actual-load simulations in test lines or without integrating a complicated system.


## - Automatic test system for DC current

Combining the PLZ-3W/3WH Series with a Kikusui PCR-L Series AC power supply allows you to configure an automatic test system for switching power supplies.

AC input side test ... PCR-L Series:

- Power line abnormality simulations
- AC line regulation tests
- Instantaneous power failure tests and others

DC roading test ... PLZ-3W/3WH Series:

- Loading simulations
- Load regulation tests
- Transitional response tests
- Current-limiting characteristic tests and others



## PLZ-3W/3WH series

EIEGTRONG LOAD (GC-GR-GV.GP)
Specifications(PLZ-3W series)

- Operating Area

|  | PLZ153W | PLZ303W | PLZ603W | PLZ1003W |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating <br> voltage (DC) |  | 1.5 to 120 V |  |  |
| Current | 30 A | 60 A | 120 A | 200 A |
| Power | 150 W | 300 W | 600 W | 1000 W |
| Minimum operation- <br> starting voltage*1 |  | 0.3 V |  |  |
| *1 Current can flow in a range of 0.3 to 1.5 V |  |  |  |  |

*1 Current can flow in a range of 0.3 to 1.5 V . However, the specifications for this instrument may not be met.

## Constant Current Mode

|  | PLZ153W | PLZ303W | PLZ603W | PLZ1003W |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating range |  |  |  |  |
| Range H | 0 to 30A | 0 to 60A | 0 to 120 A | 0 to 200 A |
| Range L | 0 to 3 A | 0 to 6 A | 0 to 12 A | 0 to 20 A |
| Setting accuracy (with respect to rated current)*1 | $\begin{gathered} \pm(0.3 \% \\ +30 \mathrm{~mA}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \pm(0.3 \% \\ +60 \mathrm{~mA}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \pm(0.3 \% \\ +120 \mathrm{~mA}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \pm(0.3 \% \\ +200 \mathrm{~mA}) \end{gathered}$ |
| Setting resolution |  |  |  |  |
| Range H | 8 mA | 15 mA | 30 mA | 60 mA |
| Range L | 0.8 mA | 1.5 mA | 3 mA | 6 mA |
| Stability |  |  |  |  |
| Line regulation*2 | 3 mA |  |  |  |
| DC input voltage regulation*3 | 10 mA |  |  |  |
| Temperature coefficient | $\pm 100 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ of rated current (typical value) |  |  |  |
| Ripple noise*4 |  |  |  |  |
| RMS*5 | - ${ }^{3} \underline{\mathrm{~mA}}$ | 5 mA | 10 mA | 20 mA |
| Measuring current*6 | At 30 A | At 60 A | At 100 A | At 100 A |
| Peak-to-peak <br> Measuring current | $-\frac{30}{\text { At }} \frac{\mathrm{m}}{30} \frac{\mathrm{~A}}{\mathrm{~A}}--\frac{30}{\mathrm{At}} \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{60} \frac{\mathrm{~A}}{\mathrm{~A}}--\frac{50 \mathrm{~mA}}{\mathrm{At}} \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{100 \mathrm{~A}}--\frac{100}{\mathrm{At}} \frac{\mathrm{~mA}}{100 \mathrm{~A}}-$ |  |  |  |
| Measuring current |  |  |  |  |

*2 With respect to a variation of $\pm 10 \%$ of the center value of input supply voltage at the rated current of 5 V input voltage
*3 Value obtained when input voltage is varied from 1.5 V to 120 V at the current of rated power/120 V
*4 At the rated current of 1.5 V input voltage
*5 5 Hz to 500 kHz
*6 DC to 15 MHz

Constant Resistance Mode

|  | PLZ153W | PLZ303W | PLZ603W | PLZ1003W |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating range |  |  |  |  |
| Range $\mathrm{H}^{*} 4$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.1 \text { to } 10 \Omega \\ & 10 \text { to } 0.1 \mathrm{~S} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.05 \text { to } 5 \Omega \\ & 20 \text { to } 0.2 \mathrm{~S} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.025 \text { to } 2.5 \Omega \\ 40 \text { to } 0.4 \mathrm{~S} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.015 \text { to } 1 \Omega \\ 66 \text { to } 1 \mathrm{~S} \end{gathered}$ |
| Range L*4 | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \text { to } 100 \Omega \\ & 1 \text { to } 0.01 \mathrm{~S} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.5 \text { to } 50 \Omega \\ & 2 \text { to } 0.02 \mathrm{~S} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.25 \text { to } 25 \Omega \\ 4 \text { to } 0.04 \mathrm{~S} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 0.15 \text { to } 10 \Omega \\ 6.6 \text { to } 0.1 \mathrm{~S} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Setting resolution |  |  |  |  |
| Range H*5 | 0.25 mS | 0.5 mS | 1 mS | 2.5 mS |
| Range L*5 | 0.025 mS | 0.05 mS | 0.1 mS | 0.25 mS |
| Setting accuracy (current conversion)*1 | $\pm(1 \% \text { of rated current }+\alpha)^{*} 3$ |  |  |  |
| Stability |  |  |  |  |
| DC input voltage regulation*2 | 6\% |  |  |  |
| Temperature coefficient | $\pm\left(1000 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}+1 \mathrm{~m} \Omega /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ <br> at minimum resistance value |  |  |  |
| Ripple noise | Complies with graph 1 (typical values) |  |  |  |

*1 In a range of $23 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and at 3 V input voltage
*2 With respect to an input voltage change of 1.5 V to 3.0 V at the minimum resistance value. For other resistance, the voltage variations will be within $6 \%$ of the maximum conductance ( S ) value of the setting range with respect to variations in all input voltages. (These values were obtained with the load terminals remote sensed.)

* $3 \alpha=3 \mathrm{~V} \div$ set resistance $-3 \mathrm{~V} \div($ set resistance $+8 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ )
*4 S:siemens
*5 mS: millisiemens
Note: Conductance (S) x input voltage (V) $=$ load current (A)
Conductance $(\mathrm{S})=1 /$ resistance $(\Omega)$
- Constant Voltage Mode

|  | PLZ153W | PLZ303W PLZ603W |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Operating range (DC) | 1.5 V to 120 V |  |
| Setting accuracy*1 | $\pm 0.1 \%$ of rated voltage |  |
| Setting resolution | 30 mV |  |
| DC input current <br> regulation*2 | $\pm 0.01 \%$ of rated voltage |  |
| Temperature <br> coefficient |  |  |
| *1 In a range of $23 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with load terminal remote sensing) |  |  |
| *2 With respect to a change in the input current of $10 \%$ to $100 \%$ of the rated current at 1.5 |  |  |
| V input voltage (with load terminal remote sensing) |  |  |

Constant Power Mode

|  | PLZ153W | PLZ303W | PLZ603W |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating range (DC) | 15 to 150 W | 30 to 300 W | 60 to 600 W |
| 100 to 1000 W |  |  |  |
| Setting accuracy*1 | $\pm 2 \%$ of rated power |  |  |
| Setting resolution | $0.025 \%$ of rated power |  |  |
| DC input voltage <br> regulation*2 | $2 \%$ of rated power |  |  |
| Ripple current*3 | Complies with graph 2 (typical values) |  |  |
| Temperature <br> coefficient | $\pm 1000 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ of rated power (typical value) |  |  |
| *1 In a range of $23 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and at 5 V input voltage (with load terminal remote sensing) |  |  |  |
| *2 With respect to an input voltage change of 6 V to 120 V at rated power (with load |  |  |  |
| terminal remote sensing) |  |  |  |

Tr/Tf, Switching and Soft-start Operations, Remote Sensing, and Protective Features

| Tr/Tf setting*1 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Operation mode | Constant current |
| Setting range |  |
| Setting accuracy*2 | $\pm 30 \%$ of set value, $\pm 15 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Switching operation |  |
| Operation mode | Constant current, constant resistance |
| Time setting range | 1 to 5000 ms |
| Time setting accuracy | $\pm 5 \%$ of set value |
| Soft-start operation |  |
| Operation mode | Constant current(C.C) |
| Setting range | $0.1,1,2,5,10,20,50,100 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| Setting accuracy | $\pm 30 \%$ of set value, $\pm 100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Remote sensing |  |
| Sensing voltage | $5 \mathrm{~V} * 3$ |
| Protective features |  |
| Over current protection (OCP) | Limit is activated at about $+5 \%$ of rated current. |
| Overheat protection (OHP) | Load current is cut off at a heat sink temperature of about $105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. |
| Reverse connection protection | With diodes and fuses |
| Power transistor protection | With fuses |
| Overvoltage protection (OVP) | Load switch will be turned off. |

*1 In an input voltage range of 3 V to 120 V .
Rise time ( Tr ) and fall time ( Tf ) are times required to reach $10 \%$ to $90 \%$ of current waveform.

* $2 \mathrm{Tr} / \mathrm{Tf}$ setting is valid when the range of changes in load current is $2 \%$ to $100 \%$ of the rated current value.
*3 2.5 V at one terminal


## PLZ-3W/3WH series

 ELEGTRONG LOAD (GC-GR-GV.GP)| $\square$ Indicators |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | PLZ153W | PLZ303W | PLZ603W | PLZ1003W |
| Ammeter |  |  |  |  |
| Display digits | 30.00 A | 60.00A | 99.99A | 99.99A |
|  |  |  | 120.0A*2 | 200.0A*2 |
| Accuracy* 1 | $\pm(0.25 \%$ of FS + 1 digit $)$ |  | $\pm(0.25 \%$ of | S + 3 digits) |
| Temperature coefficient | $\pm 100 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ of FS (typical value) |  |  |  |
| Voltmeter |  |  |  |  |
| Display digits | $99.99 \mathrm{~V} 120.0 \mathrm{~V} * 3$ |  |  |  |
| Accuracy*1 | $\pm(0.2 \%$ of FS + 1 digit) |  |  |  |
| Temperature coefficient | $\pm 100 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ of FS (typical value) |  |  |  |
| Power meter |  |  |  |  |
| Display digits | $-\frac{150.0 \mathrm{~W}}{-}-\frac{300.0 \mathrm{~W}}{\text { Displays the results of multiplying }}-\frac{600 \mathrm{~W}}{\text { current value and voltage value. }}$ |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{*} 1 \mathrm{In} \text { a range of } 23 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> *2 For 100 A or more, up to one digit below the decimal point will be indicated. *3 For 100 V or more, up to one digit below the decimal point will be indicated. |  |  |  |  |
| $\square$ Sub-front panel |  |  |  |  |
|  | PLZ153W | PLZ303W | PLZ603W | PLZ1003W |
| Current monitoring terminals | 1 V output at rated current |  |  |  |
| Remote control connector | 8-pin mini-connector( RC 11 or $\mathrm{RC} 02-\mathrm{PLZ}$ is connectable.) |  |  |  |
| Trigger signal output terminals |  |  |  |  |
| Output resistance | $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |  |  |  |
| Output voltage | 3.5 V |  |  |  |
| Pulse width | Approx. $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |  |  |  |



- External Control Connector

|  | PLZ153W | PLZ303W | PLZ603W | PLZ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C.C/C.R voltage control terminals* ${ }^{1}$ | 0 A when voltage is 0 V , and rated current when 10 V (in C.C mode) <br> Maximum resistance when voltage is 0 V , and minimum resistance when 10 V (in C.R mode) |  |  |  |
| C.C/C.R resistance control terminals | Rated current when resistance is about $0 \Omega$, and 0 A when about $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ (in C.C mode) Minimum resistance when resistance is about $0 \Omega$, and maximum resistance when about $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ (in C.R mode) |  |  |  |
| C. P voltage control terminals | Rated power when voltage is about 10 V |  |  |  |
| Load-on/off monitoring output terminals <br> (floating output) | Photo coupler (open collector) <br> Rated voltage: 30 V <br> Rated current: 5 mA |  |  |  |
| Load-on/off signal input terminal | Comparator level: about 7 V <br> $3.3 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ is pulled up with 15 V . |  |  |  |
| Range selector signal input terminals | CMOS level $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ is pulled up with 5 V . |  |  |  |
| Trigger signal output terminals (floating output) |  |  |  |  |
| Output resistance | $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |  |  |  |
| Output voltage | 3.5 V |  |  |  |
| Pulse width | Approx. $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |  |  |  |
| Trigger input terminals | CMOS level Pull down at $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |  |  |  |
| Current monitoring terminals (output of a sum of currents) | Rated current/1 V |  |  |  |
| Short-circuit signal output | Relay contact output (25 V DC, 0.5 A ) |  |  |  |

## PLZ-3W/3WH series

ELEGTRONIG LOAD (GG-GR-GI.GP)

## Specifications(PLZ-3WH series)

■ Operating Area

|  | PLZ153WH | PLZ303WH | PLZ603WH | PLZ1003WH |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating voltage <br> $(\mathrm{DC})^{*} 1$ |  | 5 to 500 V |  |  |
| Current | 7.5 A | 15 A | 30 A | 50 A |
| Power | 150 W | 300 W | 600 W | 1000 W |
| Minimum operation- <br> starting voltage*2 |  |  | 1 V |  |

*1 Current can flow in a range of 1 to 5 V . However, the specifications for this instru ment may not be met.
*2 Minimum voltage at which current starts to flow in the instrument

- Constant Current Mode

|  | PLZ153WH | PLZ303WH | PLZ603WH | PLZ1003WH |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating range |  |  |  |  |
| Range H | 0 to 7.5 A | 0 to 15 A | 0 to 30 A | 0 to 50 A |
| Range L | 0 to 0.75 A | 0 to 1.5 A | 0 to 3 A | 0 to 5 A |
| Setting accuracy (with respect to rated current)*1 | $\begin{gathered} \pm(0.3 \% \\ +7.5 \mathrm{~mA}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \pm(0.3 \% \\ +15 \mathrm{~mA}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \pm(0.3 \% \\ +30 \mathrm{~mA}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \pm(0.3 \% \\ +50 \mathrm{~mA}) \end{gathered}$ |
| Setting resolution |  |  |  |  |
| Range H | 2 mA | 4 mA | 8 mA | 13 mA |
| Range L | 0.2 mA | 0.4 mA | 0.8 mA | 1.3 mA |
| Stability |  |  |  |  |
| Line regulation*2 | 3 mA |  |  |  |
| DC input voltage regulation*3 | 20 mA |  |  |  |
| Temperature coefficient | $\pm 100 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ of rated current (typical value) |  |  |  |
| Ripple noise*4 |  |  |  |  |
| RMS*5 | 2 mA | 2 mA | 3 mA | 5 mA |
| Measuring current*6 | At 7.5 A | At 15 A | At 30 A | At 50 A |
| Peak-to-peak | 20 mA | 20 mA | 30 mA | 50 mA |
| Measuring current | At 7.5 A | At 15 A | At 30 A | At 50 A |

*1 In a range of $23 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
*2 With respect to a variation of $\pm 10 \%$ of the center value of the input supply voltage at the rated current of 20 V input voltage
*3 Value obtained when input voltage is varied from 5 V to 500 V at the current of rated power/500 V
*4 At the rated current of 20 V input voltage
*5 5 Hz to 500 kHz
*6 DC to 15 MHz

- Constant Resistance Mode

|  | PLZ153WH | PLZ303WH | PLZ603WH | PLZ1003WH |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating range |  |  |  |  |
| Range H*5 | $\begin{gathered} 1.6 \Omega \text { to } 20 \mathrm{k} \Omega \\ 0.625 \text { to } \\ 5 \times 10^{-5} \mathrm{~S} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \frac{0.8 \Omega}{1.25} \text { to } \frac{10 \mathrm{k} \Omega}{} \mathrm{to} \\ 1 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{~S} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.4 \Omega \text { to } 5 \mathrm{k} \Omega \\ 2.5 \text { to } \\ 2 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{~S} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.24 \Omega \text { to } 3 \mathrm{k} \Omega \\ 4.17 \text { to } \\ 3.3 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{~S} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Range L*5 | $\begin{gathered} \hline 16 \Omega \text { to }-200 \mathrm{k} \Omega \\ 0.0625 \text { to } \\ 5 \times 10^{-6} \mathrm{~S} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8 \Omega \text { to } 100 \mathrm{k} \Omega \\ 0.125 \text { to } \\ 1 \times 10^{-5} \mathrm{~S} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline-\frac{4 \Omega}{} \text { to } 50 \mathrm{k} \Omega \\ 0.25 \text { to } \\ 2 \times 10^{-5} \mathrm{~S} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2.4 \Omega \text { to } 30 \mathrm{k} \Omega \\ 0.417 \text { to } \\ 3.3 \times 10^{-5} \mathrm{~S} \end{gathered}$ |
| Setting resolution |  |  |  |  |
| Range $\mathrm{H}^{*} 6$ | 0.156 mS | 0.3125 mS | 0.625 mS | 1 mS |
| Range L*6 | 0.0156 mS | 0.03125 mS | 0.0625 mS | 0.1 mS |
| Setting accuracy (current conversion)*1 | $\pm(1 \%$ of rated current +a$) * 3$ |  |  |  |
| Stability |  |  |  |  |
| DC input voltage regulation*2 | 6\% |  |  |  |
| Temperature coefficient | $\pm\left(1000 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}+4 \mathrm{~m} \Omega /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$at minimum resistance value |  |  |  |
| Ripple noise*4 | Complies with graph 1 (typical values) |  |  |  |

* 1 In a range of $23 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and at 12 V input voltage
*2 With respect to an input voltage change of 5 V to 12 V at the minimum resistance value. For other resistance, the voltage variations will be within $6 \%$ of the maximum conductance ( S ) value of the setting range with respect to variations in allinput voltages. (with the load terminals remote sensed)
*3 $\alpha=12 \mathrm{~V} \div$ set resistance $-12 \mathrm{~V} \div($ set resistance $+120 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ )
*4 A repetitive noise of about 155 kHz may be superimposed on input current.
*5 S:siemens
* 6 mS : millisiemens

Note: Conductance (S) $x$ input voltage $(V)=$ load current $(A)$
Conductance $(S)=1 /$ resistance $(\Omega)$

■ Constant Voltage Mode

|  | PLZ153WH | PLZ303WH PLZ603WH |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| PLZ1003WH |  |  |
| Operating range (DC) | 5 V to 500 V |  |
| Setting accuracy*1 | $\pm 0.1 \%$ of rated voltage |  |
| Setting resolution | 125 mV |  |
| DC input current <br> regulation*2 | $\pm 0.01 \%$ of rated voltage |  |
| Temperature coefficient | $\pm 100 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ of rated voltage (typical value) |  |
| *1 In a range of $23 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with the load terminals remote sensed) |  |  |
| $* 2$ With respect to an input current change of $10 \%$ to $100 \%$ of the rated current at 5 V |  |  |
| input voltage (with the load terminals remote sensed) |  |  |

- Constant Power Mode

|  | PLZ153WH | PLZ303WH | PLZ603WH | PLZ1003WH |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating range | 15 to 150 W | 30 to 300 W | 60 to 600 W | 100 to 1000 W |
| Setting accuracy*1 | $\pm 2 \%$ of rated power |  |  |  |
| Setting resolution | $0.025 \%$ of rated power |  |  |  |
| DC input voltage regulation*2 | $2 \%$ of rated power |  |  |  |
| Ripple current*3 | Complies with graph 2 (typical values) |  |  |  |
| Temperature coefficient | $\pm 1000 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ of rated power (typical value) |  |  |  |
| *1 In a range of $23 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and at 20 V input voltage (with the load terminals remote sensed) |  |  |  |  |
| *2 With respect to an input voltage change of 20 V to 500 V at rated power (with the load |  |  |  |  |
| terminals remote sensed) |  |  |  |  |
| *3 When the ripple noise of input voltage is 5 mV or less |  |  |  |  |

- Tr/Tf, Switching and Soft-start Operations, Remote Sensing, and Protective Features

|  | PLZ153WH | PLZ303WH | PLZ603WH | PLZ1003WH |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tr/Tf setting* 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Operation mode | Constant current |  |  |  |
| Setting range | $------\frac{50,100}{1,2}, \frac{200,}{5}, \frac{500}{10} \underline{\mu} \underline{\mu s}^{\mathrm{ms}}-{ }^{-}----$ |  |  |  |
| Setting accuracy*2 | $\pm 30 \%$ of set value, $\pm 15 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |  |  |  |
| Switching operation |  |  |  |  |
| Operation mode | Constant current, constant resistance |  |  |  |
| Time setting range | 1 to 5000 ms |  |  |  |
| Time setting accuracy | $\pm 5 \%$ of set value |  |  |  |
| Soft-start operation |  |  |  |  |
| Operation mode | Constant current(C.C) |  |  |  |
| Setting range | $0.5,1,2,5,10,20,50,100 \mathrm{~ms}$ |  |  |  |
| Setting accuracy | $\pm 30 \%$ of set value, $\pm 100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |  |  |  |
| Remote sensing |  |  |  |  |
| Sensing voltage | $5 \mathrm{~V} * 3$ |  |  |  |
| Protective features |  |  |  |  |
| Over current protection $(\mathrm{OCP})$ | Limit is activated at about $+5 \%$ of rated current. |  |  |  |
| Overheat protection (OHP) | Load current is cut off at a he at sink temperature of about $105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. |  |  |  |
| Reverse connection protection | With diodes and fuses |  |  |  |
| Power transistor protection | With fuses |  |  |  |
| Overvoltage protection (OVP) | Load switch will be turned off. |  |  |  |

*1 Within an input voltage range of 12 V to 500 V .
Rise time ( Tr ) and fall time (Tf) are times required to reach $10 \%$ to $90 \%$ of current waveform.
*2 $\mathrm{Tr} / \mathrm{Tf}$ setting is valid when the changes in load current fall within a range of $2 \%$ to $100 \%$ of the rated current value.
*3 2.5 V at one terminal

## PLZ-3W/3WH series

## AIEGTBONIG LOAD (GC-CR-GV.GP)

## External Control Connector

|  | PLZ153WH PLZ303WH PLZ603WH PLZ1003WH |
| :--- | :--- |
| I/O slot | One of IB11, RS11, and MC11S can be connected. |
| Voltage control | 0 A when voltage is 0 V , and rated current when <br> terminals for C.C/C.R $* 1$ <br> 10 V (in C.C mode) <br> Maximum resistance when voltage is 0 V, <br> and minimum resistance when 10 V (in C.R mode) |
| Resistance control <br> terminals for C.C/C.R | Rated current when resistance is about $0 \Omega$, <br> and 0 A when about $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ (in C.C mode) <br> Minimum resistance when resistance is about $0 \Omega$, <br> and maximum resistance when about $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ (in C.R mode) |
| Voltage control <br> terminals for C.P | Rated power when voltage is about 10 V |


| terminals for C.P |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Load-on/off monitoring | Photo coupler (open collector) |

output terminals
(floating output)
Load-on/off signal
input terminal
nal

Range selector signal
input terminals
Rated voltage: 30 V
Rated current: 5 mA
Comparator level: about 7 V
$3.3 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ is pulled up at 15 V .
Trigger signal output terminals (floating output)

| Trigger signal output terminals (floating output) |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Output resistance $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ <br> Output voltage 3.5 V <br> Pulse width Approx. $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ <br> Trigger input terminals CMOS level Pull down at $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$. <br> Current monitoring <br> terminals (output of <br> a sum of currents) Rated current $/ 1 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> Short-circuit signal <br> output Relay contact output (25 V DC, 0.5 A$)$ <br> *1 In full scale, and offset adjustable  |  |


|  | PLZ153WH | PLZ303WH | PLZ603WH | PLZ1003WH |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input power supply (AC) |  |  |  |  |
| Input supply voltage range AC | Range Center voltage |  |  |  |
|  | [1] | 90 tol10 | 100 |  |
|  | [2] | 108 to 132 | 120 |  |
|  |  | 180 to 220 | 200 |  |
|  |  | 216 to 250 | 240 |  |
|  | [1], [2], [3], or [4] is selectable. |  |  |  |
| Frequency | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \mathrm{AC}$ |  |  |  |
| Power consumption (VA) <br> (When the GPIB <br> board is connected) | Approx. 50 <br> (60) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Approx. } 50 \\ (60) \end{gathered}$ | Approx. 65 <br> (75) | Approx. 80 <br> (90) |
| Rush current (A) | Approx. 18 | Approx. 22 | Approx. 28 | Approx. 32 |
| Withstand voltage |  |  |  |  |
| Primary circuit to load terminals | 1500 V AC for 1 min |  |  |  |
| Primary circuit to chassis | 1500 V AC for 1 min |  |  |  |
| Load terminals to chassis | 500 V DC for 1 min |  |  |  |
| Insulation resistance |  |  |  |  |
| Primary circuit to load terminals | 1000 V DC, $30 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ or more |  |  |  |
| Primary circuit to chassis | $1000 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC} ,30 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ or more |  |  |  |
| Load terminals to chassis | 1000 V DC, $20 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ or more |  |  |  |
| Operating <br> temperature range | 0 to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
| Operating <br> humidity range | 30 to $80 \%$ RH (no condensation) |  |  |  |
| Storage temperature range | -20 to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
| Storage humidity range | 30 to $80 \%$ RH (no condensation) |  |  |  |
| Weight (kg) | Approx. 8.5 | Approx. 10 | Approx. 16 | Approx. 19.5 |


|  | PLZ153WH | PLZ303WH | PLZ603WH | PLZ1003WH |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ammeter |  |  |  |  |
| Display digits | 7.500A | 15.00 A | 30.00A | 50.00A |
| Accuracy*1 | $\begin{gathered} \pm(0.25 \% \text { of } \\ \text { FS }+2 \text { digits }) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\pm(0.2$ | of FS + 1 dig |  |
| Temperature coefficient | $\pm 100 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ of FS (typical value) |  |  |  |
| Voltmeter |  |  |  |  |
| Display digits | 500.0 V |  |  |  |
| Accuracy*1 | $\pm(0.2 \%$ of FS +2 digits $)$ |  |  |  |
| Temperature coefficient | $\pm 100 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ of FS (typical value) |  |  |  |
| Power meter |  |  |  |  |
| Display digits |  |  |  |  |
| *1 In a range of $23 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |
| $\square$ Sub-front panel |  |  |  |  |
|  | PLZ153WH | PLZ303WH | PLZ603WH | PLZ1003WH |
| Current monitoring terminals | 1 V output at rated current |  |  |  |
| Remote control connector | 8-pin mini-connector(RC11 or RC02-PLZ is connectable.) |  |  |  |
| Trigger signal output terminals |  |  |  |  |
| Output resistance | $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |  |  |  |
| Output voltage | 3.5 V |  |  |  |
| Pulse width | Approx. $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |  |  |  |





